



Weather Report.

KNOXVILLE, March 17, 1880.

Time... 7 a.m. | 10 a.m. | 2 p.m. | 5 p.m.
Barom't... 30.32 | 30.35 | 30.28 | 30.27
Therm't... 33 | 38 | 43 | 48.
Wind... S.W. | S.W. | S.W. | S.W.

Maximum Thermometer, 44°; Minimum, 32.5°; Rainfall, .01 inches.

INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and Ohio valley, warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather, variable winds, generally shifting to southwesterly, stationary or lower barometer.

WHAT will the sand lots do now?

GORDON had better lay in an extra supply of muzzles.

CLEAR the rug! The fight in Congress will soon begin.

KENTUCKY will have a branch penitentiary. No harm is meant but Kentucky is reliably democratic.

TREASON! Treason!! Treason!!! That great workingman, D. K., is in jail. Down with the government!

GORDON can furnish the democratic congressmen with muzzles, but it is beyond his power to furnish them with brains.

In about one month from now the brigadiers will have the greatest number of black eyes to the square inch of any body of men on record.

SECRETARY SHERMAN will buy bonds as fast as the surplus revenue accumulates. This will be at the rate of about \$2,000,000 per week.

The president has requested the resignation of F. W. Seward, United States minister to China. If it is not forthcoming he will be removed.

THERE are fully 8,000 men in New York connected with the piano manufacture who are living in enforced idleness on account of the great strike.

TIDEN and Tammany are both "bearing" Cincinnati hotels, preparatory to getting a corner on them. When "bar" meets "bar" then comes the tug of war.

WASHBURN made Grant all that he is. Grant's greatest virtue is his fidelity to his friends. Consequently, isn't it somewhat probable that Grant is helping Washburn now?

WHEN the Ohio house of representatives met the other morning, they discovered a large portrait of the "Plumed Knight" hanging in front of the clerk's desk.

MAJOR RENO will not resign, and it is very likely that his sentence will be lessened. The secretary of war, General Terry and General Sherman favor suspension for one year and loss of half pay.

It is a growing belief that the Tennessee delegation to Chicago will be divided between Grant and Blaine, with Sherman at the tail end. There will be no solid business, at any rate, judging from present indications.

THE house doesn't want a census in the southern states unless there is room for fraud. Not long since the senate passed a bill to provide for a fair enumeration. This amendment the house committee has stricken out.

DENNIS KEARNEY is trying very hard to get some obliging carpenter to pare his ears and a blacksmith to hide his eleven feet. He has come to the conclusion that he has made a monumental ass of himself. Everybody else reached this conclusion some time ago.

AMERICA is to have a new religious sect. The advance guard of the "army of salvation" has landed on our shores. It numbers one colonel, one captain and seven lieutenants, or perhaps more properly speaking, one captain and seven lieutenants. The uniform is blue, and the women are somewhat apt to be mistaken for ballet-dancers on a spree, if the length of the skirt is regarded.

River News.

The river reached its highest point here yesterday, 21 feet and 4 inches, and then commenced to recede. Up to last night, it had fallen about six inches and would likely fall rapidly during the night.

At Chattanooga the Times reports a rise, up to Tuesday night, of 33 feet 3 inches, the danger mark still rising 3 1/2 inches per hour. At that it was 3 feet below the rise of last March, and not much danger was expected, unless there was a rise of 10 feet more, which is improbable.

A Nashville special to the Cincinnati Commercial, dated the 15th, says: "The Cumberland river is to-night as high as it was three weeks ago, and has forced a hundred or more families to move out of their homes in depressions around Nashville. All the horses have again been removed from the race course, which will be flooded by to-morrow morning. It is now thought the present rise will, within four hours, of which there are predictions, equal that of 1847—the greatest flood in the Cumberland of which there is any record."

TELEGRAPHIC.

XLVI. CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 17. Senator Bayard (Del.), from the committee on the judiciary, reported a bill to remove the political disabilities of Roger A. Pryor, and asked its present consideration. There being no objection, it was read a third time and passed.

Senator Hampton (S. C.), from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill to complete the survey of the Gettysburg battlefield, and provide for the compilation and preservation of data, showing the various positions and movements of troops at that battle, illustrated by diagrams. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Plumb (Kas.), from the committee on military affairs, reported a substitute for the senate joint resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to adjust and settle the account between the United States and the state of Florida. Placed on the calendar.

Senator Jones (Fla.), from the committee on military affairs, reported a substitute for the senate bill relating to the public lands of the United States. Placed on the calendar.

The senate then proceeded to consider the calendar, and took up the bill to pay Samuel J. Gustin for supplies taken by United States troops in Georgia during the war. Senator Edmunds (Vt.) objected to its present consideration, and it was laid aside.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the senate resumed the consideration of the star route deficiency bill pending, the question being on the committee's amendment prohibiting an increase of the number of trips on star routes during the remainder of the fiscal year.

Sensors Blaine, Plumb and Call spoke against the amendment, and Senators Beck, Saulsbury and Davis (W. Va.) are in favor of it. The amendment was then rejected—yeas, 28; nays, 32. The amendment prohibiting the exhibition of service at a cost exceeding fifty per cent. of the original contract price was agreed to. The amendment appropriating \$50,000 for the immediate needs of the government printing office, was agreed to. An amendment declaring that nothing in this act contained shall be deemed or construed to affect the validity or legality of any office of the United States, or any proceeding therefor, was agreed to. The bill was then passed without a division.

At 3.45 the senate went into an executive session, and, when the doors were re-opened, adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 17. Mr. Money (Miss.) asked leave to offer a resolution directing the committee on Pacific railroad to inquire as to the alleged contract between the Central Pacific and Union Pacific railroad companies and the Pacific mail steamship company and report what legislation is necessary to protect the public interests in the premises.

Mr. Brewer (Mich.) objected. Mr. Taylor (Tenn.) offered a resolution for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the present method of settling claims against the United States. Referred.

Mr. Reagan (Tex.), chairman of the committee on commerce, reported a resolution calling on the secretary of war for information in his department in regard to the bridge now being erected over East river at New York, and his opinion as to whether said bridge is not an obstruction to commerce. Adopted.

Mr. E. Wood (N. Y.) asked leave to take from the speaker's table, for present consideration, senate bill amending the laws relative to the seizure and forfeiture of vessels for breach of the revenue laws. Objection being made, the bill was referred to the committee on ways and means.

The morning hour having been dispensed with, the house went into a committee of the whole (Mr. Carlisle, Ky., in the chair) on the deficiency appropriation bill. Mr. Hayes (Ill.) spoke in defense of the public printer, and Garfield attacked the policy of the democrats in refusing the appropriation for the pay of special deputy marshals, when the supreme court had affirmed the constitutionality of the law under which they were appointed. He was followed by Mr. Burrows (Mich.) in the same line of argument. Mr. McMahon (O.) replied to Messrs. Burrows and Garfield, charging the former with offering insults to the democrats by saying that they desired to secure the

presidency by means of a fraudulent election, and declaring that he (Burrows) would do better, in view of the possible trouble with foreign powers, growing out of the Monroe doctrine, to cultivate friendly relations with democrats and especially southern democrats, instead of exciting sectional feeling by waving the bloody shirt. He said it was the intention to test the sincerity of the other side (republican) by introducing a proposition to amend the election laws so as to have two deputy marshals appointed for each polling place, one from each political party, and to have those appointed by judges, not by marshals.

Mr. Garfield—"We offered, last session, to let the law be changed in that way, and it is a standing offer."

Mr. McMahon—"We will give the gentleman the chance." After some further remarks by Mr. Warner (O.), general debate closed and the bill was read by sections for amendment.

Mr. McMahon (O.) moved to amend by appropriating \$320,000 for salaries and expenses of agents and surveyor's fees and expenses of gaugers and salaries of storekeepers. Agreed to.

Mr. Clymer (Pa.) offered an amendment appropriating \$25,000 for the expenses of collectors of internal revenue. Adopted.

Mr. McMahon (Ohio) offered an amendment appropriating \$8,655,000 for the payment of pensions of the army and navy pensioners.

Mr. Reagan (Tex.) moved to amend this amendment by somewhat enlarging its scope.

Mr. Hiseock (N. Y.) raised a point of order against the Reagan amendment.

Without further action, the committee rose and the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

The president sent to the senate to-day the nomination of Mathias C. Osburn, of Alabama, to be United States Marshal for the middle and southern district of that state.

The senate executive session to-day was mostly devoted to the case of Rev. Thomas J. Simmons, nominated as census supervisor for the fifth district of Georgia. An adverse report of the senate committee was read and supported by argument from Senator Morgan.

Senator Hill then spoke for some time in advocacy of Simmons' confirmation, but, without concluding his remarks, yielded to the motion to adjourn, and the case went over for further discussion to-morrow.

GARCELON TESTIFIES.

AUGUSTA, ME., March 17.—Gov. Garcelon, yesterday, testified before the committee that he had made the payment of the bills for the police force at the state house and the bills for the fusion government, under advice of the council, and admitted having drawn warrants on appropriations outside of matters for which appropriations were made. He exhibited vouchers for \$3,744, and then \$2,256 expended for which he had no receipts. He was asked if he knew anything, while governor, of forgeries, substitutions and other tamperings with returns. His answer was an emphatic denial; he did not think there was conspiracy or that many were concerned in it, but he thought there was a Judas in the camp.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The following telegram was received at the postoffice department to-day: "BRANCHVILLE, S. C., March 17.—This town was set on fire in two places, simultaneously, about 4 o'clock this morning. Among many other valuable buildings destroyed, was the postoffice. Most of the government property was saved. (Signed) W. H. REDDIS, Postmaster."

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17.—The case of David Ugenhart, late president of the New Orleans saying institution, charged with misapplication of funds of the bank, was given to the jury yesterday, and falling to agree, they were locked up last night at 10 o'clock.

FLOODS.

RICHMOND, VA., March 17.—The river has stopped rising, and fears of a serious flood are dispelled. At Lynchburg, last night, the water was still nine feet above high water mark, but gradually falling.

CHINA.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A special from Shanghai says the treaty relative to the territory of Kuldja, recently negotiated with Russia by the Chinese Ambassador Chung How, is held by the authorities at Peking to be unpatriotic and derogatory to the dignity of China. Shrewd judges believe that the emperor has been advised that the Kuldja indemnity is too great and that the best way to avoid paying it is to withhold his ratification of the treaty. Chung How is made a scape goat. The decision carried with it grave complications between China and Russia, for the czar will certainly resent the severe punishment of the envoy; indeed it is scarcely possible to exaggerate the gravity of the situation. A sudden warlike spirit seems to have gained possession of the Chinese people.

On all sides there are symptoms of the coming struggle, before which all the wars of the emperor will fade into insignificance. The green banner army is being carefully trained in the principles of European tactics. Their spears and matchlocks are being replaced by rifles. The bamboo lances of the cavalry are giving place to the orthodox sabres of the British troopers. The governors-general of the eighteen provinces of the empire have been charged with special military commissions, and new powers are conferred on the members of their staff. A general inspection has been ordered by the war minister. The war department has been overhauled and the coast defenses strengthened. A number of foreign drill masters have been brought to Tientsin, which is the principal garrison town of the empire. Preparations are already being made for calling out irregular volunteers, who are only mustered in the gravest crises of state.

MINOR DISPATCHES.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17.—Judge Billings to-day issued an order authorizing the American Union telegraph company to erect and operate a telegraph line along the right of way of the New Orleans and Mobile railroad and to institute expropriation proceedings under state laws.

MEMPHIS, March 17.—John C. Wickoff, second clerk of the steamship "Hard Cash," this morning shot and fatally wounded Lewis Taylor, a colored drayman. The difficulty originated in Taylor's refusal to sign for cotton he had put in his dray. Wickoff was arrested.

THE PLUMED KNIGHT.

All About a Chi-Delta Invitation. [Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

WASHINGTON, March 15.—A letter was received this morning at the senate postoffice, addressed as follows: "The Plumed Knight, United States Senate, Washington, D. C."

It was postmarked Knoxville, Tenn. The postmaster had an idea it was intended for Senator Blaine, but he did not feel like taking the responsibility of putting it in Blaine's box, so he handed it to Sergeant-at-arms Bright and a consultation was held, to which several senators of both parties were admitted. It was suggested by one the letter belonged to Judge Davis. Another claimed that Edmunds was the person addressed. Still another that Thurman, or Voorhees, or Conkling was intended, but it was finally decided to give it to Blaine. So when he came into the senate, Colonel Bright handed it to him, and very graciously indicated that public opinion seemed to recognize him as the owner of the letter. Blaine smiled and opened the envelope. It was an invitation to James G. Blaine to attend some literary exercises at the University of Tennessee.

AT THE HOTELS.

List of Arrivals in the City. The following is a list of arrivals at the city hotels for March 17th:

ATKIN HOUSE.
C. R. Love, R. H. Love, Louisville; W. H. DeWitt, Nash H. Hart, Chattanooga; Thos. M. Thatcher, Washington, D. C.; Chas. Goodwin, Miss Ella Scott, Baltimore; J. T. Mawcull, Union; Ed. P. McQueen, London; C. W. Kyle, Boston; Sam. L. Casey, Yellow Springs; O. C. H. Waring, Sweetwater.

LAMAR HOUSE.
C. H. Milligan, Concord; Aug. Rabb, Ohio; Rabb, C. H. Addison, N. Y.; Isaac K. Harby, New Orleans; Lewis Howard, Belgium; E. O. Tate, Miss Hattie Tate, Master Sam. J. McCall, Morrisown; N. Levy, Greenboro, Ala.

The Gazette wants somebody to introduce the "game of 15" puzzle in Morristown. We can spare a few games from Knoxville. The craze is rather on the wane here.

MERCHANTS

Should not fail to examine the

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE

STOCK OF

STOVES

AND

TINWARE

CARRIED BY

HAVEY, ROLAN & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE, Knoxville, Tenn.

They offer great inducements

FROM SEVIERVILLE.

Avery Bradley Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

SEVIERVILLE, March 13, 1880. MR. EDITOR: This has been an unusual week in Sevierville. Circuit court has been in extra session during the entire week, trying Avery Bradley for the murder of Crockett Maples in this county in 1877. Judge Ross presiding. Attorney General Tate and Messrs. McGinley and D. P. Gass prosecuted the case, while Pickel & Templeton represented the defendant. The jury late this evening returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree with mitigating circumstances, and asked the judge to fix and pronounce the punishment.

Mr. Pickel sprang to his feet at once and demanded of each one of the jurors to know if they all understood each other that way. The question being put directly to each one all expressed themselves affirmatively except one. He said he did not so understand the agreement. Therefore the judge ordered them to retire and consult again. They had not yet agreed when the writer left town.

NOTE.—Mr. Ben. C. Andes, who had information from Sevierville yesterday evening, informs us in addition to the above, that the jury agreed at a very late hour Saturday night, and fixed Bradley's punishment at 10 years in the penitentiary. —Ed.

A Good Housewife.

The good housewife, when she is giving her house its spring renovating, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from impure malaria and miasma, and she must know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters the purest and best of medicines. See other column.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market. New York, March 17.—Money \$1.63 1/4; Exchange, \$4.83; Government bonds weak; 5's, \$1.03; 4 1/2's, \$1.07; 4's, \$1.05. States dull.

New York Cotton Market. New York, March 17.—Cotton: net receipts, 592 bales; gross, 3,361 bales. Futures closed steady; sales, 127,000 bales. March, 13 1/2 @ 13; April, 13 1/8; May, 13 3/4 @ 13 3/8; June, 13 5/4 @ 13 1/2; July, 13 5/8 @ 13 3/4; August, 13 3/4 @ 13 1/2; September, 13 3/8 @ 13 1/4; October, 12 5/4 @ 12 1/2; November, 12 1/4 @ 12 1/2; December, 12 1/4 @ 12 1/2.

New York Grain Market. New York, March 17.—Cotton: firm; sales, 447 bales; uplands, 13 1/2 @ 13; New Orleans, 13 1/2 @ 13. Consolidated net receipts, 7,205 bales; exports to Great Britain, 6,274 bales; continent, 42 bales.

General Market. New York, March 17.—Southern flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, opened heavy, afterward declined 1/2c and closed rather more steady; ungraded winter red, \$1.40 @ 1.41; corn, shaded easier and generally active; ungraded, \$1.33 @ 1.34. Oats opened 1/2c better and closed dull, buyers refusing to pay the advance; \$1.45 for No. 3. Coffee unchanged and dull. Sugar firm; Cuba 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4; fair to good refining 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4; prime refined firm and fair inquiry; standard A, 6 1/2 @ 6 3/4. Molasses, firm and moderate inquiry. Rice fair demand and full late prices. Wool, strong; domestic fleece, 45 @ 46; pulled, 33 @ 34; unwashed, 13 @ 14; Texas, 21 @ 22. Pork, shade easier and quiet; old, \$11.50; middles, dull and weak; long clear 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4; short clear, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4. Lard, 24 1/2 @ 25; lower and dull, \$7.62 1/2 @ 7.65. Whisky, nominal, \$1.10.

Cincinnati Market. CINCINNATI, March 17.—Flour, easier; family, \$3.75; clear fancy, quiet and unchanged. Wheat, fair demand and easier, \$1.30. Corn, quiet and firm, 43c. Oats, firm, 31 1/2 @ 32. Pork, dull and weaker, \$12.25 @ 12.50. Bulk meats, quiet and firm; shoulders, 5c; ribs, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4. Whisky, active demand and firm, \$1.04. Sugar, fairly hard, 10 1/2 @ 10 3/4. New Orleans, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4. Hides, steady and firmer; common, \$3.50 @ 4.00; light, \$4.25 @ 4.50; packing, \$4.35 @ 4.70; butchers, \$1.70 @ 1.80.

Louisville Market. LOUISVILLE, March 17.—Flour, steady and unchanged. Wheat, fair demand and easier, 43 1/2 @ 44. Oats, quiet and steady, 30 1/2 @ 31. Pork, steady, \$12.50. Lard, steady, \$7.14. Bulk meats steady; shoulders, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4; sides, 30c; steady; shoulders, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4; sides, 30c; sugar cured hams, 9 1/2 @ 10. Whisky, firm, \$1.04.

COFFIN, WILSON & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

Corner Gay and Reservoir Streets,

Keep the Largest Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES,

KEPT IN

EAST TENNESSEE,

AND

Allow no one to Undersell Them.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HAZARD RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

Lewis & Carhart,

Wholesale Grocers,

Knoxville, Tennessee.

Unsurpassed facilities for supplying the

trade with Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

At New York Prices, freight added.

Agents for Holston Salt and Plaster Company and

Lenoir's and Rockford Yarns.

Plenty of storage room to store produce for their

customers.

BEST QUALITY COAL OIL.

Lewis & Carhart.

NEW GOODS:

FOR THE

Early 1880 Spring Trade,

AT

BARTON'S.

JUST RECEIVED A VERY LARGE LOT OF

HAMBURG EDGINGS. HAMBURG INSERTINGS

From 1-8 to 6-inch Embroidery.

These goods are a fresh importation—very handsome and very cheap.

ALSO JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Black Cashmeres and Black Silks.

Kid Gloves all grades, in Black, White, Dark and Opera colors; New Dress Buttons; Black Silk Fringes; New Neck Ruchings and Skirt Ruchings; Bleached Domestic; Counterpanes and Quilts.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Fictures, Nottingham Curtain Nets, Lace Lambrequins, etc. Boys' Clothing, Genuine "Anchor" Boiling Cloths, Nos. 3 to 11.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

71 Gay Street, KNOXVILLE, TENN. ALVIN BARTON.

CITIZENS OF KNOXVILLE

AND

VISITORS FROM THE COUNTRY